Oncology Clinical Pathways Gastric Cancer

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Gastric Cancer – Presumptive Conditions

VA automatically presumes that certain disabilities were caused by military service. This is because of the unique circumstances of a specific Veteran's military service. If a presumed condition is diagnosed in a Veteran within a certain group, they can be awarded disability compensation.

<u>Atomic Veterans – Exposure to Ionizing Radiation</u>

Cancer of the stomach

Gulf War and Post 9/11 Veterans

If the patient served on or after Sept. 11, 2001, in Afghanistan, Djibouti, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Syria, Uzbekistan, or Yemen or if you served in the *Southwest Asia theater of operations, or Somalia, on or after Aug. 2, 1990, specific conditions include:

Gastrointestinal cancer of any type

* The Southwest Asia theater of operations refers to Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, the neutral zone between Iraq and Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates, Oman, the Gulf of Aden, the Gulf of Oman, the Persian Gulf, the Arabian Sea, the Red Sea, and the airspace above these locations.

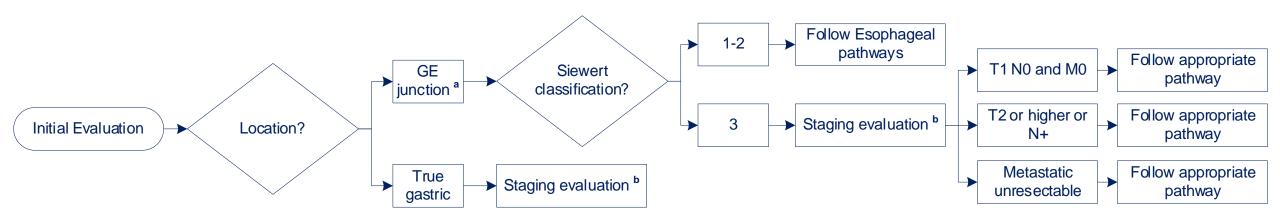
For more information, please visit <u>U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs - Presumptive Disability Benefits (va.gov)</u>







Gastric Cancer – Initial Evaluation





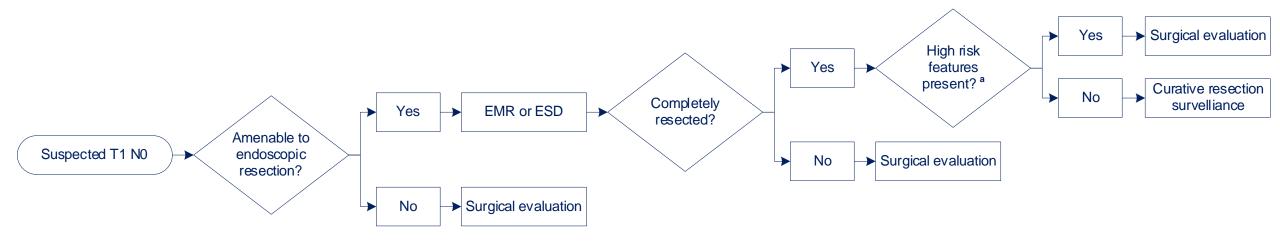




^a **GE Junction** is considered GE junction if any portion of the tumor involves the GE junction

^b **Staging Evaluation** CT chest, abdomen, and pelvis with oral and IV contrast and/or PET/CT as indicated; endoscopic ultrasound in the absence of metastatic disease; staging laparoscopy with peritoneal lavage for T3 or N+ and M0

Gastric Cancer – Suspected T1 N0



Clinical trial(s) always considered on pathway.

^a **High Risk Features** endoscopic resection can be considered curative if the specimen has clear lateral and deep margins; histopathology well or moderately differentiated; does not penetrate the superficial submucosa; no LVI

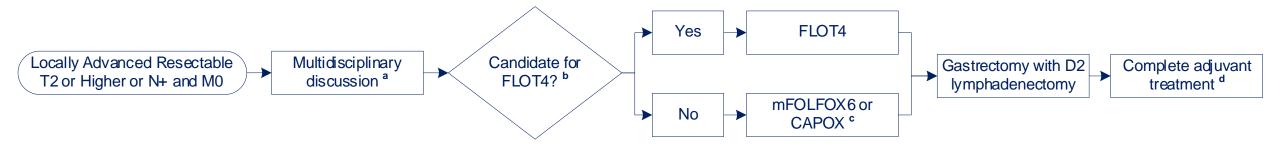
EMR Endoscopic Mucosal Resection
ESD Endoscopic Submucosal Dissection







Gastric Cancer – Locally Advanced Resectable T2 or Higher or N+ and M0



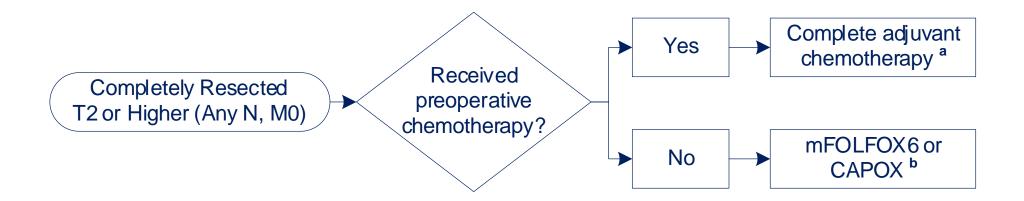
- ^a Multidisciplinary Discussion to include at a minimum surgical oncology and medical oncology
- ^b Candidate for FLOT4 defined as fit patient with ECOG PS 0-1
- ^c Capecitabine avoid capecitabine if adherence issues, unable to self-report toxicity, or severe renal impairment (CrCl < 30ml/min)
- ^d Complete Adjuvant Treatment continue same treatment regardless of response; consider chemoradiation if positive margin or inadequate nodal dissection; total duration of chemotherapy (pre and post surgery) is 6 months without RT and 4 months with RT







Gastric Cancer - Completely Resected T2 or Higher (Any N, M0)



Clinical trial(s) always considered on pathway.

^a Complete Adjuvant Treatment continue same treatment regardless of response; consider chemoradiation if positive margin or inadequate nodal dissection; total duration of adjuvant therapy (pre and post surgery combined) recommended to be 6 months

^b Capecitabine avoid capecitabine if adherence issues, unable to self-report toxicity, or severe renal impairment (CrCl < 30ml/min)



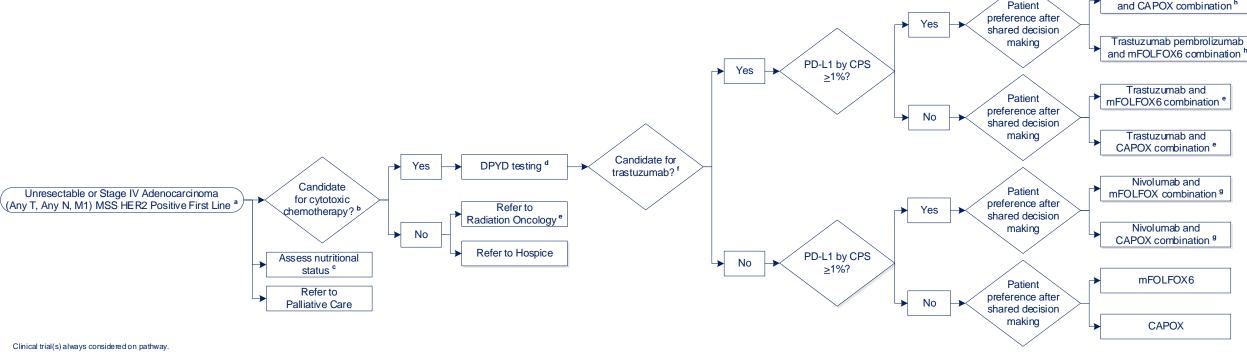




Gastric Cancer – Unresectable or Stage IV Adenocarcinoma

(Any T, any N, M1) MSS HER2 Positive First Line

Patient preference after shared decision



- ^a HER2 Positive considered IHC score +3 or an IHC score of +2 and FISH/ISH positive
- ^b Candidate for Cytotoxic Chemotherapy consider if patient can tolerate a platinum- and fluoropyrimidine-based doublet
- c Assess Nutritional Status and consider palliative stent or other nutritional support modalities when clinically appropriate
- d Perform DPYD Testing If Not Already Performed if DPYD PGx results return predicted phenotypes of either intermediate or poor metabolizer, please consult your local PGx pharmacist or submit an IFC Pharmacogenomics e-consult for assistance with therapeutic recommendation; a clinician may proceed without DPYD results if withholding chemotherapy for 2-3 weeks may gravely endanger patient's life; for example, if the disease burden is very high and it involves a large portion of vital organs such as liver, etc.
- e Radiation Oncology consider palliative radiation when clinically appropriate
- | Candidate for Trastuzumab or Biosimilar patient with HER2-positive disease and no clinically significant CV disease (defined as LVEF< 50%, MI within prior 6 months, symptomatic CHF (NYHA class II to IV), unstable angina or cardiac arrhythmia requiring therapy)
- g Candidate for Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor patient without active autoimmune disease, primary immune deficiency, concurrent immunosuppression (including prednisone equivalent >10mg/day) or prior allogeneic HSCT/solid organ transplant
- h Pembrolizumab for two years

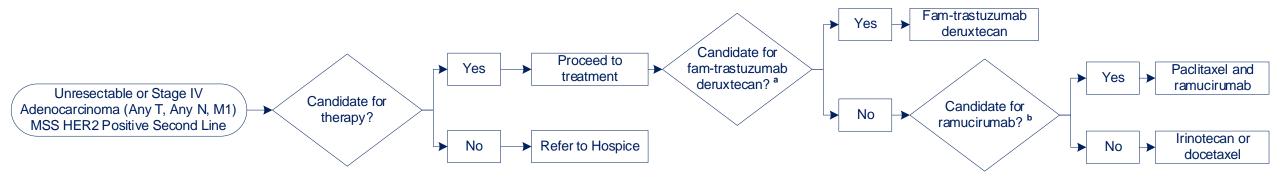






Trastuzumab pembrolizumab

Gastric Cancer – Unresectable or Stage IV Adenocarcinoma (Any T, Any N, M1) MSS HER2 Positive Second Line



Clinical trial(s) always considered on pathway.

^a Candidate for Fam-Trastuzumab Deruxtecan received trastuzumab in the first-line setting; baseline LVEF ≥ 50% and/or no clinically significant cardiac disease (defined as LVEF < 50%, MI within prior 6 months, symptomatic CHF (NYHA class II to IV), unstable angina or cardiac arrhythmia requiring therapy); no ILD or pneumonitis; ANC ≥ 1500/mm³

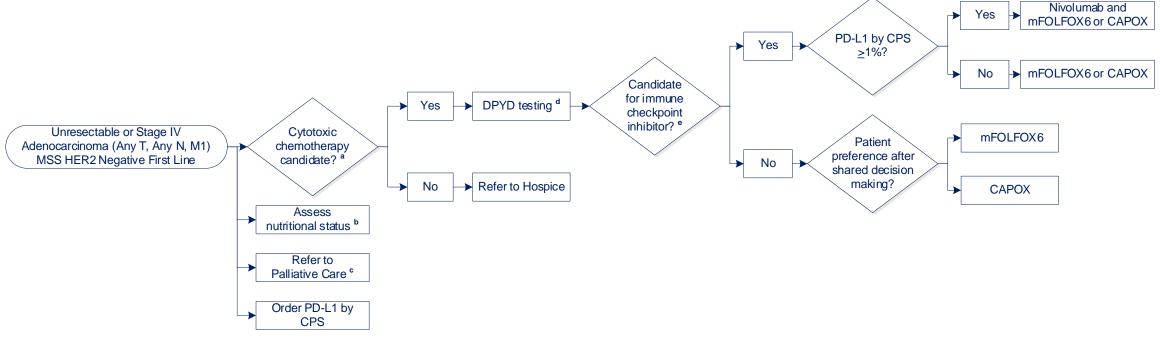
b Candidate for Ramucirumab received fluoropyrimidine and platinum agent in the first-line setting; ECOG PS 0-2; ANC ≥ 1500/mm³. Note: Due to anti-VEGF effects patients with the following should <u>not</u> receive ramucirumab: non-healing wound/fracture, major surgery in prior 4 weeks, bleeding disorder or coagulopathy, recent history of GI perforation, unstable cardiac condition (uncontrolled HTN, arterial thromboembolism, symptomatic CHF (NYHA II-IV) or arrhythmia), or active cocaine use







<u>Gastric Cancer – Unresectable or Stage IV Adenocarcinoma</u> (Any T, Any N, M1) MSS HER2 Negative First Line



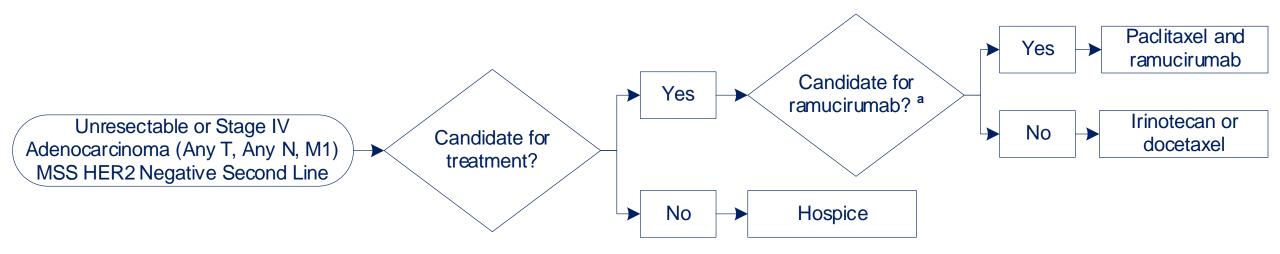
- a Candidate for Cytotoxic Chemotherapy consider if patient can tolerate a platinum- and fluoropyrimidine-based doublet
- b Assess Nutritional Status consider palliative stent or other nutritional support modalities when clinically appropriate
- ^c Assess Palliative Care consider palliative radiation when clinically appropriate
- ^d **Perform DPYD Testing If Not Already Performed** if DPYD PGx results return predicted phenotypes of either intermediate or poor metabolizer, please consult your local PGx pharmacist or submit an IFC Pharmacogenomics e-consult for assistance with therapeutic recommendation; a clinician may proceed without DPYD results if withholding chemotherapy for 2-3 weeks may gravely endanger patient's life; for example, if the disease burden is very high and it involves a large portion of vital organs such as liver, etc.
- ^e Qualify for Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor no active autoimmune disease, primary immune deficiency, concurrent immunosuppression (including prednisone equivalent >10mg/day) or prior allogeneic HSCT/solid organ transplant







Gastric Cancer – Unresectable or Stage IV Adenocarcinoma (Any T, Any N, M1) MSS HER2 Negative Second Line



Clinical trial(s) always considered on pathway.

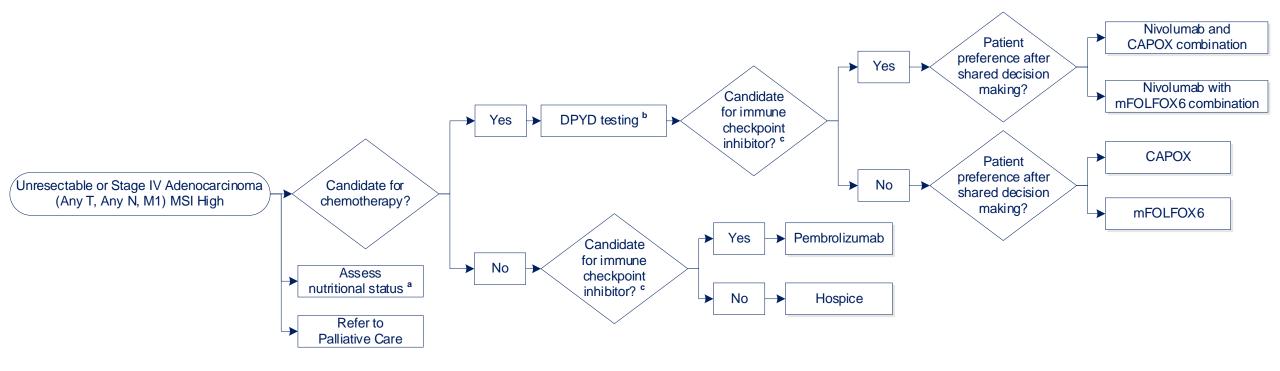
^a Candidate for Ramucirumab received fluoropyrimidine and platinum agent in the first-line setting; ECOG PS 0-2; ANC ≥ 1500/mm³; due to anti-VEGF effects patients with the following should <u>not</u> receive ramucirumab: non-healing wound/fracture, major surgery in prior 4 weeks, bleeding disorder or coagulopathy, recent history of GI perforation, unstable cardiac condition (uncontrolled HTN, arterial thromboembolism, symptomatic CHF (NYHA II-IV) or arrhythmia), or active cocaine use







<u>Gastric Cancer – Unresectable or Stage IV Adenocarcinoma</u> (Any T, Any N, M1) MSI High



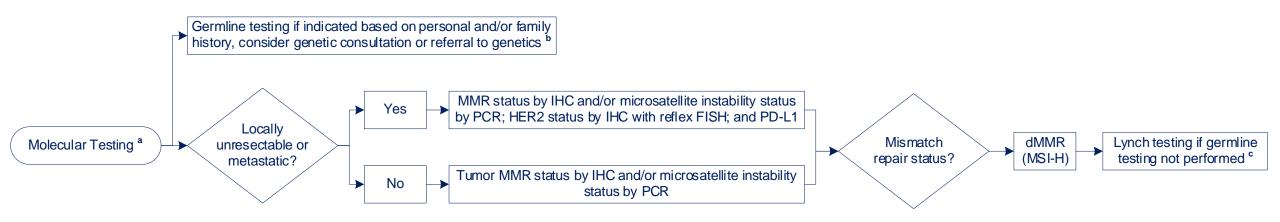
- ^a Assess Nutritional Status consider palliative stent or other nutritional support modalities when clinically appropriate
- b Perform DPYD Testing If Not Already Performed if DPYD PGx results return predicted phenotypes of either intermediate or poor metabolizer, please consult your local PGx pharmacist or submit an IFC Pharmacogenomics e-consult for assistance with therapeutic recommendation; a clinician may proceed without DPYD results if withholding chemotherapy for 2-3 weeks may gravely endanger patient's life; for example, if the disease burden is very high and it involves a large portion of vital organs such as liver, etc.
- ^c Qualify for Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor patient without active autoimmune disease, primary immune deficiency, concurrent immunosuppression (including prednisone equivalent >10mg/day) or prior allogeneic HSCT/solid organ transplant







Gastric Cancer – Molecular Testing



Clinical trial(s) always considered on pathway.

b Germline Testing consider germline testing if any of the following apply: 1) personal history of early-onset gastric cancer (age 50 or younger); or 2) significant personal and/or family history of multiple polyps or other hereditary cancer syndrome-associated cancers (e.g., colorectal, endometrial, gastric, ovarian, pancreas, urothelial, brain (usually glioblastoma), bili ary tract, and small intestine, as well as sebaceous adenomas, sebaceous carcinomas, and keratoacanthomas as seen in Muir-Torre syndrome); or 3) pathogenic or likely pathogenic variant in a gene associated with known hereditary cancer syndrome is present in the patient's tumor or a family member; an appropriate germline testing panel should include at minimum the following genes: APC, ATM, BRCA1, BRCA2, BMPR1A, CDH1, CTNNA1, EPCAM, MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, MUTYH, PALB2, PMS2, POLD1, SMAD4, STK11, and TP53

^c Lynch Testing the diagnostic Lynch genetic testing algorithm may be used if germline testing is not already performed and other criteria for germline testing have not been met (see above); it largely depends on the pattern of MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, and PMS2 expression by IHC; diagnostic Lynch genetic testing should be performed if 1) there is loss of MSH2, MSH6, MSH2/MSH6, or PMS2 expression by IHC; or 2) there is loss of MLH1 expression by IHC AND MLH1 promoter is UNmethylated; or 3) the tumor is MSI-H by PCR or NGS AND IHC is equivocal or cannot be performed AND MLH1 promoter is Unmethylated; adiagnostic Lynch genetic testing panel should include at minimum the following genes: EPCAM, MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, and PMS2

CGP Comprehensive Genomic Profiling







^a Molecular Testing perform for pathologically confirmed cancer

Gastric Cancer – Molecular Testing Table

Eligibility	Test Category	Test Type	Recommended Vendors	NPOP Coverage	Specimen Type
Gastric Cancer All Stages	IHC	Mismatch repair (MMR) genes (MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, and PMS2).	Local VA or Locally contracted vendor	No	Tumor Tissue
	PCR	Microsatellite instability (MSI) status by PCR.	Regional Testing Center (GLA)	Yes	Tumor Tissue, Blood
Metastatic or Unresectable Gastric Cancer	IHC	HER2 IHC with reflex to FISH if 2+ on IHC	Local VA or Locally contracted vendor	No	Tumor Tissue
	FISH	Reflex to HER2 FISH if 2+ on IHC	Local VA or Locally contracted vendor	No	Tumor Tissue, Blood
	IHC	PD-L1 IHC (clone 22C3 with CPS score)	Local VA or Locally contracted vendor	No	Tumor Tissue
Age <50	Germline NGS*	Germline NGS panel	Fulgent Genetics	Yes	Blood, Saliva
Personal or Family History of Multiple Polyps or Other Cancers Associated with Hereditary Cancer Syndromes	Germline NGS*	Germline NGS panel	Fulgent Genetics	Yes	Blood, Saliva
Deficient MMR or MSI-H tumor	Germline NGS	If full germline testing not performed, perform Germline Lynch testing if: 1) MSH2 or MSH6 loss by IHC; or 2) MLH1 or PMS2 loss by IHC and <i>MLH1</i> unmethylated; or 3) MSI-H without IHC testing and <i>MLH1</i> unmethylated		Yes	Blood, Saliva







Questions?

Contact VHAOncologyPathways@va.gov





