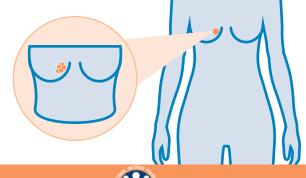
BREAST CANCER **SCREENING**



PATIENT EDUCATION FACT SHEET



if detected early

VA recommends routine screenings for breast cancer to improve disease outcomes. The earlier the cancer is detected, the more successful the cancer treatment can be.

What is breast cancer screening?

Breast cancer occurs when cells in your breast grow abnormally. When these cells grow out of control, they form a mass called a tumor. A tumor can be cancerous (malignant) or benign (non-cancerous). A mammogram provides an X-ray of the breast and is the best way to find breast cancer for most adults. If mammography is not available at your local VA Medical Center, ask to be referred to another VA that has mammography, or out to Community Care.



Localized breast cancer has a 99% SURVIVAL RATE

Approximately

VETERANS enrolled in VA healthcare are diagnosed with breast cancer each year

Who should get screened?

- Women 40-44 should have the opportunity to begin annual screening
- Women 45-54 should be screened annually
- Women 55+ should be screened every other year or have the opportunity to continue screening annually

What are my next steps for breast cancer screening?

- Ask your doctor about your individual risk level and options for breast cancer screening
- Learn more about recommended screenings here: go.usa.gov/xFvyg
- Learn more at cancer.va.gov or email cancer@va.gov
- Share this information with other Veterans. You just might save a life.



